NYSDOT Environmental Procedures Manual, Chapter 2.5 Environmental Analysis Bureau June 1997

ATTACHMENT

2.5.I. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE FORM AD-1006

U.S. Department of Agriculture

FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING

PART I (To be completed by Federal Agency)		Date Of Land Evaluation Request				
Name Of Project		Federal Agency Involved				
Proposed Land Use		Count	County And State			
PART II (To be completed by SCS)	Date	Date Request Received By SCS				
Does the site contain prime, unique, statewid (If no, the FPPA does not apply — do not con		armland?=	Yes Y	lo- Acres Irrigat	ed- Average Fari	m Size
Major Crop(s) Farmable Land In Govt, Jurisdi Acres:			diction Amount Of Farmland As Defined in FPPA			
Name Of Land Evaluation System Used	 Name Of Local Sit 	e Assessmen	t System	Date Land E	valuation Return	ed By SCS 📜
PART III (To be completed by Federal Agency)			Alternative Site Rating			
A. Total Acres To Be Converted Directly			Site A	Site B	Site C	Site D
B. Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly						
C. Total Acres In Site			1			
PART IV (To be completed by SCS) Land Evaluation Information				reservices design	Same of the contract of	er eregis en eregis och er 19 och
ATotal Acres Prime And Unique Farmland			- 11 / m - m		to the first state.	The state of the
B. Total Acres Statewide And Local Important Farmland			* 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1	The second		
C: Percentage Of Farmland In County Or Local Govt. Unit To Be Converted			Sandahara sama sasarah Maran			
Der Percentage Of Farmland In Govt, Jurisdiction With Same Or Higher Relative Value			- Markey 1950		GRADE LA	AX#12114
PART V. (To be completed by SCS) Land Evaluation Criterion				encientario inter-		
PART VI (To be completed by Federal Agency Site Assessment Criteria (These criteria are explained in	,	Maximum Points				Company and the control of
1. Area In Nonurban Use			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
2. Perimeter In Nonurban Use						
3. Percent Of Site Being Farmed			1			
4. Protection Provided By State And Local Government					<u> </u>	
5. Distance From Urban Builtup Area 6. Distance To Urban Support Services						
7. Size Of Present Farm Unit Compared To Average			1.	1	1	
8. Creation Of Nonfarmable Farmland						
9. Availability Of Farm Support Services					†	
10. On-Farm Investments						
11. Effects Of Conversion On Farm Support Services						
12. Compatibility With Existing Agricultural Use						
TOTAL SITE ASSESSMENT POINTS '		160				
PART VII (To be completed by Federal Agency)						
Relative Value Of Farmland (From Part V)		100				
Total Site Assessment (From Part VI above or a local site assessment)		160				
·TOTAL POINTS (Total of above 2 lines)		260				
Site Selected:	Date Of Selection		Was A Local Site Assessment Used? Yes □ No □			

Reason For Selection:

STEPS IN THE PROCESSING THE FARMLAND AND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING FORM

- Step 1 Federal agencies involved in proposed projects that may convert farmland, as defined in the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA) to nonagricultural uses, will initially complete Parts I and III of the form.
- Step 2 Originator will send copies A. B and C together with maps indicating locations of site(s), to the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) local field office and retain copy D for their files. (Note: SCS has a field office in most counties in the U.S. The field office is usually located in the county sent. A list of field office locations are available from the SCS State Conservationist in each state).
- Step 3 SCS will, within 45 calendar days after receipt of form, make a determination as to whether the site(s) of the proposed project contains prime, unique, statewide or local important farmland.
- Step 4 In cases where farmland covered by the FPPA will be converted by the proposed project, SCS field offices will complete Parts II, IV and V of the form.
- Step 5 SCS will return copy A and B of the form to the Federal agency involved in the project. (Copy C will be retained for SCS records).
- Step 6 The Federal agency involved in the proposed project will complete Parts VI and VII of the form.
- Step 7 The Federal agency involved in the proposed project will make a determination as to whether the proposed conversion is consistent with the FPPA and the agency's internal policies.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING FORM

Part I: In completing the "County And State" questions list all the local governments that are responsible for local land controls where site(s) are to be evaluated.

Part III: In completing item B (Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly), include the following:

- 1. Acres not being directly converted but that would no longer be capable of being farmed after the conversion, because the conversion would restrict access to them.
- 2. Acres planned to receive services from an infrastructure project as indicated in the project justification (e.g. highways, utilities) that will cause a direct conversion.

Part VI: Do not complete Part VI if a local site assessment is used.

Assign the maximum points for each site assessment criterion as shown in §658.5(b) of CFR. In cases of corridor-type projects such as transportation, powerline and flood control, criteria #5 and #6 will not apply and will be weighed zero, however, criterion #8 will be weighed a maximum of 25 points, and criterion #11 a maximum of 25 points.

Individual Federal agencies at the national level, may assign relative weights among the 12 site assessment criteria other than those shown in the FPPA rule. In all cases where other weights are assigned, relative adjustments must be made to maintain the maximum total weight points at 160.

In rating alternative sites, Federal agencies shall consider each of the criteria and assign points within the limits established in the FPPA rule. Sites most suitable for protection under these criteria will receive the highest total scores, and sites least suitable, the lowest scores.

Part VII: In computing the "Total Site Assessment Points", where a State or local site assessment is used and the total maximum number of points is other than 160, adjust the site assessment points to a base of 160. Example: if the Site Assessment maximum is 200 points; and alternative Site "A" is rated 180 points:

Total points assigned Site $A = 180 \times 160 = 144$ points for Site "A."

Maximum points possible 200